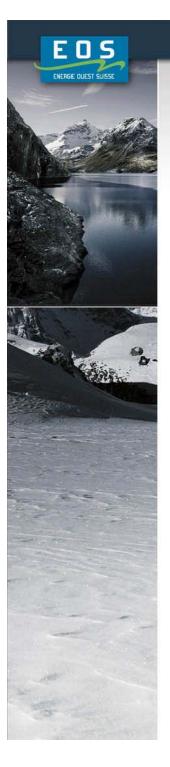




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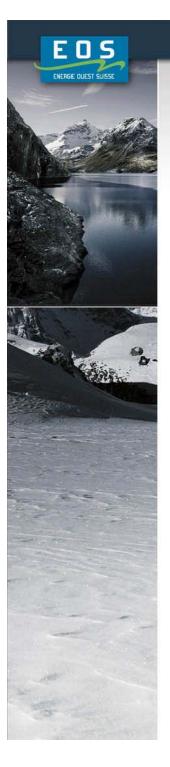


### EOS's profile & value chain

#### **ENERGIE OUEST SUISSE**

Generation Trade Transmission Sales B2B

- Vertically integrated energy company, active across the entire value chain except for end consumers.
- 85% of the power generation based on renewable (hydro power).
- Transmission and trading for delivery to wholesale markets.
- Operations in Switzerland, Germany, France, Italy and UK.



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### Key European energy market developments

Liberalization, security of supply and sustainability

Global markets developments

Increasing demand and low price sensitivity
Instability and vulnerability of infrastructure
Increasing awareness of climate change

EU market developments

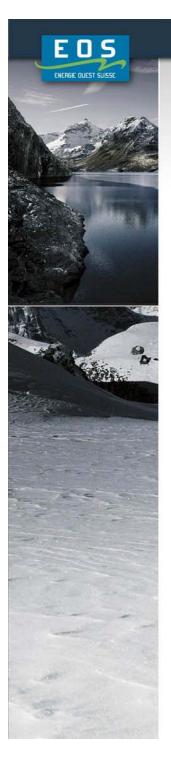
Liberalization, competition, uncertainty
Security of supply
Environment sustainability

Local market developments

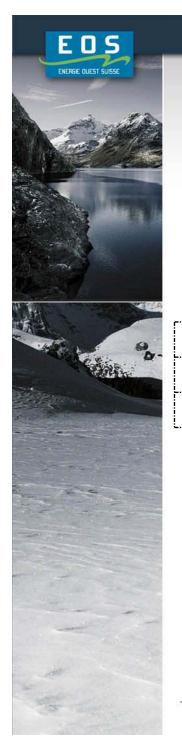
National champions, regulations & regulators

Access to market + integration of markets

Different values drivers, tax, subsidy schemes



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#### Three areas of opportunity for tomorrow

- Key EU market developments are: liberalization, security of supply, sustainability.
- Important question is how these topics will affect the market ?

Liberalization
Security of supply
Sustainability

What future options will EU liberalization offer?

How will supply - demand effect EU market?

How will Europe cope with reduction of emission?

Three areas of opportunity will define tomorrow's operations:

Reduction of energy consumption

**Development of renewable energies** 

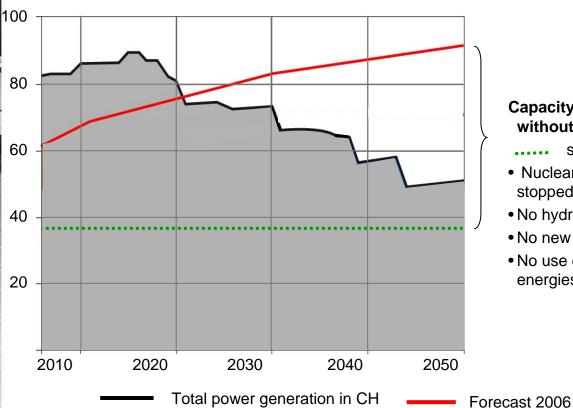
Power generation with efficient processes



# Security of supply - situation in Switzerland

Important gap between generation and consumption

TWh per year



## Capacity lack > 50 TWh without new power plants

situation in 2050 if:

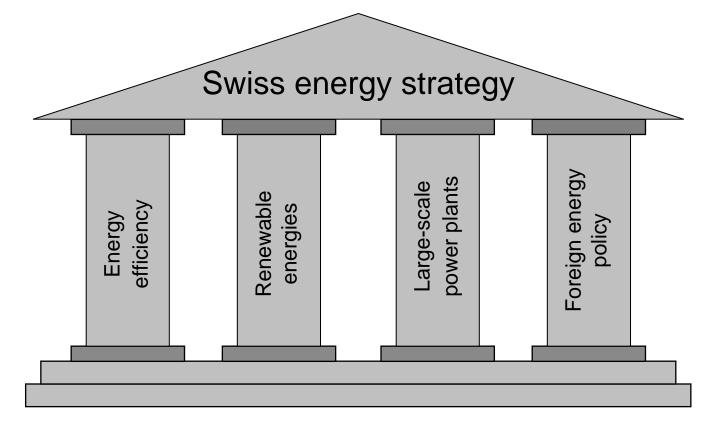
- Nuclear power plants are stopped without replacement.
- No hydro power plant extensions
- No new gas power plants
- No use of new renewable energies like biogaz

source: AES



## **New Swiss energy strategy**

21st of February 2007 - decision of the Swiss government about the future energy strategy.





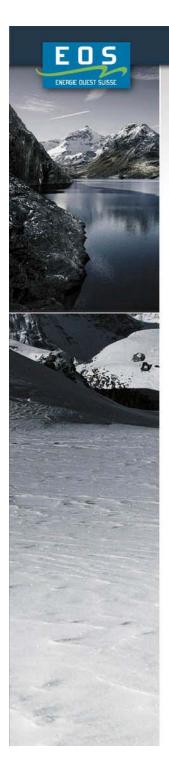
# Situation in Switzerland (1)

### **Energy efficiency**

- ➤ Not under real control of the electricity industry.
- Consumer, industry and government challenged.

### Renewable energies

- > Important but limited potential.
- > 5.4 TWh until 2030.



# Situation in Switzerland (2)

### Large-scale power plants

- Nuclear is a must but difficult to realize in the short term.
- ➤ Intermediate solution is inevitable, i.e. CCGT.
- ➤ Unfortunately CCGT is politically blocked.

### Foreign energy policy

- Switzerland is a part of Europe and needs to align itself.
- ➤ A long and painful process.



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# The key R&D challenges for electric utilities Strategy

Major pillars of the Swiss government's energy strategy

**Energy efficiency** 

Renewable energies

Large-scale power plants

R&D challenges for electric utilities are in line with this strategy

#### Reduce energy consumption:

Electricity as a key element for maximum efficiency of energy systems

#### Foster renewable energies:

Advancement of established technologies like hydro power and improved cost efficiency of new renewable energies

Power generation with efficient processes:

Combination of minimal impact on the environment and competitivity.



# The key R&D challenges for electric utilities Research needs

#### Power production: Environmental friendly and competitive

- > Hydro power : optimize usage
- > New renewable energy: bridge the gap in cost of production
- ➤ **Fossil Energy** : mitigate CO<sub>2</sub> emissions
- > **Fission**: guarantee safety of existing nuclear power plants
- Next generation technologies: geothermal & solar power, fission, fusion

#### Electric grids: Stability and security of supply

- Organization of management and control of large power systems
- > Structure and capacities of the European interconnected network

#### **Energy storage: Cope with increasing intermittent production**

- > **Optimization** of pump storage plants still the best storage available
- > **Development** of new technologies

#### Use of energy: Electricity as a key element for maximum efficiency

- Efficiency increases at every stage of the power system
- > Intelligent usage of electricity



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# The key R&D challenges for electric utilities General remarks and conclusion

#### Successful R&D must contribute to a sustainable energy future

- > Fulfils ecological, economical and social requirements alike.
- > Ensures security of supply.

#### Technological aspect of innovation in electricity is not sufficient

- Analysis and holistic assessment of future energy systems.
- Valuation of the technical, ecological and economical potential of new power technologies.

#### R&D issues are not limited to individual countries or disciplines

- ➤ International cooperation of the best research institutes to use synergies and avoid duplications.
- Formation of interdisciplinary teams to facilitate comprehensive approaches.

